DNA Study







Kentucky Transportation Cabinet District 6 Planning Corrin Gulick, PE

Kenton County

Item Number

06-1075.00 – 11th Street (KY 1120) Bridge

06-1070.00 – 15th Street (CS 2097) Bridge

Kentucky Transportation
Cabinet Department of
Highways District 6

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4/15/2011

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I. **INTRODUCTION**

Kentucky's FY2010-FY2012 Enacted Biennial Highway Plan, as approved by the May 2010 General Assembly, provides a list of projects for the Kentucky Transportation Cabinet from fiscal year 2010 to fiscal year 2012. The plan includes two bridge replacement projects, on 11th Street and 15th Street in Covington, Kentucky. The following study is a Data Needs Analysis (DNA) of two bridge replacement projects in Covington, Kentucky.

A. Study Purpose

The National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (NEPA) established a policy for federally funded agencies to consider environmental impacts in the decision making process. A fundamental part of the NEPA process is to develop a Purpose and Need Statement in order to prevent future complications with NEPA documentation. This DNA will develop a draft Purpose and Need Statement as well as define the project scope, possible alternatives, planning-level cost estimates for alternates, an identification of potential environmental impacts, and other information pertinent to the Project Development phase of these projects.

B. Location

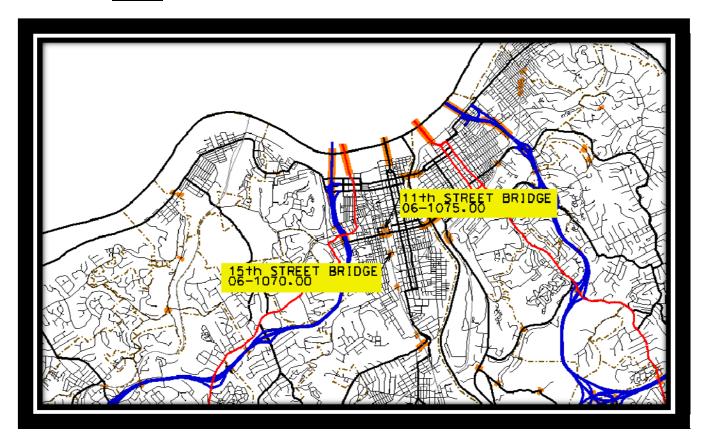


Figure 1 - Location map for the 11th and 15th Street Bridge Projects

Covington, Kentucky is located in Kenton County, one of the northern-most counties of Kentucky. According to Kentucky Data Center, the population of Covington was 43,370 in 2000. However, the population is expected to decrease to 41,653 by the year 2015. Covington is served by Interstate 71/75, which runs north-south through the county. The two bridge replacement projects studied in this report are located in the downtown area to the east of Interstate 71/75 and to the west of the Licking River. Both bridges cross the CSX Railroad.

The southern-most bridge is located along County Route 2097 (West 15th Street) over the CSX Railroad. This bridge is currently closed to vehicular traffic. The northern-most bridge is located along KY 1120 (11th Street) over the CSX Railroad at milepoint 0.62. Both bridges are located in an urban setting, adjacent to several historic districts. See Figure 1 for a location map of the project.

II. **PROJECT PURPOSE AND NEED**

A. Legislation

The two bridge replacement projects are included in Kentucky's FY2010-FY2012 Enacted Biennial Highway Plan, as approved by the May 2010 General Assembly. A description of the projects as listed in the plan is as follows:

County	Item #	Route	Funding	Phase	Year	Amount
Kenton	06-1070.00	CS-2097	BRZ	D	2011	\$200,000
Kenton	06-1075.00	KY 1120	BRO	D	2012	\$170,000

- 06-1070.00: WEST 15TH STREET; REPLACE BRIDGE AND APPROACHES OVER CSX RR IN COVINGTON (C29) (SR=3.9)(059C0029N) FROM MP 0.164 TO 0.198
- 06-1075.00: REPLACE BRIDGE ON KY-1120 (MP 0.621) OVER CSX RAILROAD; 11TH ST E OF RUSSEL ST; (STRUCTURALLY DEFICIENT SR=3) 059B00083N FROM MP 0.571 TO 0.671

B. Project Status

Design funds for the 11th and 15th Street Bridge projects have been requested for authorization. The funds are not authorized at this time.

C. System Linkage



Figure 2 – Aerial view of the project area. The purple line represents the 12th Street widening project, and the green line represents the portion of KY 1120 recommended to be transferred to the local government.

The 11th Street Bridge and the 15th Street Bridge are located in an urban, downtown area. KY 1120 (11th Street) is part of the State Primary System and is functionally classified as an Urban Principal Arterial. CS 2097 is a city street that is functionally classified as an Urban Collector. Local traffic is anticipated to be the primary user of both bridges.

11th Street, from Madison Avenue to the KY 1120 Bridge over the Licking River, is currently the westbound portion of the KY 1120 one-way couplet. The KY 1120 bridge over the Licking River connects the city of Covington to the city of Newport. The eastbound portion of the KY 1120 one-way couplet is 12th Street.

A project to widen 12th Street to two lanes in each direction from Interstate 71/75 to Scott was awarded in construction August 6, 2009. This project is shown as the purple line in Figure 2. Once the project is complete, 12th Street will accommodate two-way traffic for an additional block to the east and the capacity of the roadway will increase. The new limits of the KY 1120 one-way couplet will extend from Scott Boulevard to the bridge over the Licking River.

Since 12th Street will accommodate two-way traffic to Scott Street, KY 1120 from Russell Street to Scott Street will no longer act as part of the one-way couplet. As a result, the Transportation Cabinet recommends converting this segment of KY 1120 (shown as a green line in Figure 2) from a state route to a city street.

The 15th Street Bridge over the CSX Railroad was closed to traffic in 2006. Although traffic does not currently use the bridge, the 12th Street Widening Project should reduce the need for additional connectivity in the area.

D. Modal Interrelationships

Neither the 11th or 15th Street Bridge is a designated bus route or bicycle route. However, bother bridges are used by local pedestrians and cyclists. Since the bridge crosses the CSX Railroad, all construction and design activity should be coordinated with CSX Railroad.

E. Social Demands and Economic Development

The 11th Street project area is comprised of a mix of business and residential properties. One of the businesses that will experience a direct impact is Heavenly Daycare. More investigation into this property will be needed to further evaluate the effects on the community. There are several other businesses and schools nearby that will experience impacts to their accessibility; however, this impact should be minimal due to the close proximity of the 12th Street Bridge. A full survey of affected business and points of community cohesion should be done to determine the full range of impacts.

The 15th Street project area is comprised of residential and commercial land uses that will be directly impacted by a transportation project. None of these properties appear to be major points of community cohesion. Since the 15th Street Bridge is already closed, effects to access of nearby businesses and residences should be minor. A full survey of properties and land uses will be needed to fully evaluate impacts on the area.

F. Transportation Demand

A 2008 count with a growth rate adjustment of 0.5% determined the existing 11th Street Bridge will serve 7,550 vehicles per day (vpd) in 2011. Since the 15th Street Bridge is currently closed, it serves 0 vpd. However, the bridge is used by pedestrians and cyclists to cross the CSX railroad.

G. Capacity

Proposed alternates could have an impact on the Level of Service of 12th Street. Highway Capacity Software was used to determine the Level of Service of 12th Street after the widening project, to further analyze potential alternates.

Construction on the 12th Street widening project began in 2009. In order to study the capacity of 12th Street after the widening project, 2008 counts were used with a 0.5% growth rate adjustment. Using this data and a K value of 10%, Highway Capacity Software determined 12th Street would have a Level of Service B, if the construction is completed in 2011.

H. Safety

Needs for the proposed 11th and 15th Street Bridge projects arise from roadway deficiencies, and the possibility of bridge failure. It is these deficiencies that pose a potential safety threat. However, there is no significant crash history at either bridge to date.

I. Roadway Deficiencies

A sufficiency rating of a bridge is based on structural value, functionality and detour length. The sufficiency rating can be as high as 100. However, once this number drops below 50, a bridge is eligible for federal bridge replacement funding. The 11th Street Bridge has a sufficiency rating of 2.0. This number has decreased from 3.9 since the project was entered into the SYP in 2008. As a result of the structural deficiencies, there is currently a weight limit on the 11th Street Bridge.

The clearance under the bridge is incorporated into the final sufficiency rating. The required clearance for a bridge over a railroad is 23.5 feet. The 11th Street Bridge clearance was measured in two locations, at the centerline of a track no longer in use and a track used daily. The clearance above a track that is no longer used is 17.83 feet. The clearance above a track that is used daily was measured to be 21.79 feet. Neither location measured acceptable clearance.

The 15th Street Bridge was closed to vehicular traffic in 2006, due to structural deficiencies. However, pedestrians and cyclists are currently permitted to use the bridge.

Clearance is also an issue with the 15th Street Bridge. The measured clearance of the bridge over the CSX Railroad was 20.93 feet. This does not meet the 23.5 feet requirement. The Structural Inventory and Appraisal Sheets for the 11th and 15th Street Bridges can be found in Appendix 2A and 3A respectively. The inspection report for the 11th and 15th Street Bridges can be found in Appendix 2B and 3B respectively.

III. PRELIMINARY ENVIRONMENTAL OVERVIEW

A. Air Quality

The United States Environments Protection Agency has designated Kenton County as an area of nonattainment for fine particulate matter, pursuant to the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990. However, the 11th and 15th Street Bridge replacement projects will not add capacity to the entire roadway system. Air quality impacts are not anticipated with this project.

B. Archaeology

11th and 15th Street in Covington have the potential for the discovery of archaeological features and artifacts dating to the nineteenth and twentieth century. An archaeological investigation should be completed upon selection of a preferred alternate.

C. Threatened and Endangered Species

The United States Fish and Wildlife Service has identified Kenton County as a potential habitat for several endangered species. These species include nine different types of clams, the Indiana Bat and the Running Buffalo Clover. Since the projects are not located near any streams or bodies of water, the endangered clams should not be impacted by the project. This narrows the list of potential impacted endangered species down to the Indiana Bat and the Running Buffalo Clover. A full list of species and their scientific names can be found in Appendix 4.

D. Hazardous Materials

Several hazardous material sites were identified with the 12th Street project. These sites will also be a concern for the 11th and 15th Street Bridge projects. Hazardous material sites identified with the 12th Street project in the vicinity of the 11th Street bridge replacement project include the Wadsworth Electric Building and the Norb NE Service Center. A map showing hazardous material sites from the 12th street project can be found in appendix 5. A full survey should be conducted to identify hazardous material sites in the vicinity of the projects.

Historic Property

Downtown Covington contains several historic districts in the vicinity of the 11th and 15th Street Bridges. The 11th Street Bridge is within the Seminary Square Historic Preservation Overlay Zone and the Seminary Square National Register Historic District on the west end of the bridge. The Downtown Commercial National Register Historic District is located on the east end of the bridge. The Wadsworth Electric Company is located at 20 West 11th Street, on the east end of the bridge.

The West 15th Street National Register Historic District is located on the east end of the 15th Street Bridge. Impacts to historic overlay zones, districts and properties will require further evaluation. A map showing Covington's Historic Preservation Overlay Zones and a map showing Covington's National Register of Historic Places is located in Appendix 6A and 6B respectively.

F. Permitting

No division of water permits are anticipated for the 11th and 15th Street Bridge projects.

G. Noise

Permanent noise impacts are not anticipated with the project(s). However, the two bridges are in an urban area. Construction activities should be mindful of the surrounding residents and businesses.

H. Socioeconomic

The 11th and 15th Street Bridge project areas are likely to cause socioeconomic impacts. The 2000 Census indicates that the block group directly impacted by the 11th Street project is 71.7% white. Therefore, there is a 28.3% chance that properties directly affected will house a minority. Furthermore, the 2000 Census indicates that the block group directly impacted has a median household income of \$25,541, 60% of the national average, and 18.6% of the block group directly impacted is in poverty. These figures suggest environmental justice factors will need further evaluation.

The 2000 Census indicates that the block group directly impacted by the 15th Street Project is 58.2% white. Therefore, there is a 41.8% chance that properties directly affected will house a minority. Furthermore, the 2000 indicates that the median household income is \$20,541 48% of the national average, and 33.1% of the block group directly impacted is in poverty. These figures also suggest environmental justice factors will need further evaluation.

Section 4(F)

Properties listed on the National Register for Historic Places are eligible for protection through section 4(F) of the Department of Transportation Act of 1966. The 11th Street Bridge project is anticipated to affect the Wadsworth Electric Company, the Seminary Square National Register Historic District, and the Downtown Commercial National Register Historic District.

The 15th Street Bridge project is anticipated to affect the 15th Street National Register Historic District. These properties could be protected by Section 4(F). A full survey should be conducted to determine impacts on the view shed of National Register Historic Places in the area. A map showing Covington's National Register Historic Places can be found in Appendix 6B.

J. Section 6(F)

No publicly financed outdoor recreational facilities are identified within the project areas.

IV. PRELIMINARY PROJECT INFORMATION

A. Existing Conditions

The 11th Street Bridge was constructed in 1927. This two lane bridge is located in a historic, urban area. A sidewalk is located along the north side of the bridge. A field visit indicated that pedestrian and bicycle traffic use the bridge. This single span bridge is on a steel girder and floorbeam system. The center span is 87 feet in length and the total length of the bridge is 91 feet. Pictures of the existing 11th Street Bridge can be found in Appendix 1A.

The existing vertical clearance of the 11th Street Bridge is 21.79 feet. The required clearance of a highway bridge over a railroad is 23 feet. The existing horizontal clearance of the bridge is 11 feet from the centerline of the closest track. The required horizontal clearance for a railroad bridge is 15 feet. The 11th Street Bridge Structural Inventory and Appraisal Sheets can be found in Appendix 2A, and the 11th Street Bridge Inspection Report can be found in Appendix 2B.

The 15th Street Bridge was constructed in 1950. This two lane bridge, located in a historic, urban area is currently closed to vehicular traffic. Pedestrian and bicycle traffic currently use the bridge. One sidewalk is located on the south side of the bridge. A field visit indicated that pedestrian and bicycle traffic use the bridge. This three span bridge is on a steel girder and floorbeam system. The total length of the bridge is 179 feet, and the center span is 107 feet in length. Pictures of the existing 11th Street Bridge can be found in Appendix 1B.

The existing vertical clearance of the 15th Street Bridge is 20.93 feet. The required vertical clearance of a highway bridge over a railroad is 23 feet. The existing horizontal clearance is 11 feet, measured from the centerline of the closest track. The required horizontal clearance is 25 feet. The 15th Street Bridge Structural Inventory and Appraisal Sheets can be found in Appendix 3A, and the 15th Street Bridge Inspection Report can be found in Appendix 3B.

B. Utilities

Overhead utilities were observed near the 11th and 15th Street Bridges. Underground water and sanitary sewer are anticipated to run longitudinally underneath 11th and 15th Street. Also, an underground Sprint line is anticipated to run parallel to the railroad tracks under both bridges. The exact locations of underground utilities should be determined. Information for potential utilities in the area is included in the list below:

Sprint-Nextel Corporation Joe J. Thomas

11370 Enterprise Park Drive Sharonville, Ohio 45241 Office: (513) 612-4204 Mobile: (937) 209-9754

Email:

joseph.j.thomas@sprint.com

Insight Communications

Chuck McCarty 7906 Dixie Highway Florence, Kentucky 41042 Office: (859) 283-4217 Mobile: (859) 393-4203 Fax: (859) 371-5495

Email:

mccarty.c@insightcom.com

Sanitation District 1 **Bob Wilson** 1045 Eaton Drive Fort Wright, Kentucky 41017

Office: (859) 578-7469 Mobile: (859) 640-2796 Fax: (859) 331-2436 Email: rwilson@sdi.org

Northern Kentucky Water

District John Scheben P.O. Box 18640

2835 Crescent Springs Raod Erlanger, Kentucky 41018-0640

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٧. PROJECT PURPOSE AND NEED STATEMENT

The existing 11th and 15th Street Bridges contain many deficiencies, creating an unsafe situation for both the public and the CSX railroad. The purpose of the bridge projects is to improve safety while maintaining connectivity appropriate for an urban environment.

VI. **POSSIBLE ALTERNATIVES**

A. No Build

The no-build alternate consists of not implementing the proposed project improvements described in the following alternates. The existing conditions would persist under this alternate. As a result, it will be necessary to remove the 11th and/or 15th Street Bridges if the no-build alternate is selected. Bridge approaches and abutments would also need to be removed and landscaped for a more permanent effect. A barrier would need to be placed at the east and west end of the bridges, to protect vehicles from a severe drop-off.

Planning Level Highway Capacity Analysis software shows that 12th Street should have a Level of Service B after the widening project. Assuming 100% of the existing 11th Street traffic uses the 12th Street Bridge once it is removed, 12th Street will have a Level of Service C. Since the 15th Street Bridge is currently closed, no change to existing traffic patterns are anticipated with removal of the bridge. However, 12th Street should experience an increase in the level of pedestrians and bicycles that use the bridge.

Cost Estimate (Per Bridge)

Total	\$500,000
Construction	\$200,000
Right-of-Way	\$50,000
Utilities	\$200,000
Design	\$50,000

B. Alternate 1A: Replacement of 11th Street Bridge with a vehicular bridge



Figure 3 - Preliminary plan view of Alternate 1A. The red line represents the proposed centerline of the new approaches. The orange box represents the proposed bridge, and the purple dotted line shows the approximate disturb limits. The blue numbers depict the addresses of properties along 11th Street.

Alternate 1A, as shown in Figure 3, proposes replacing the existing 11th Street Bridge. The existing 11th Street Bridge does not have sufficient horizontal or vertical clearance. In order to obtain the proper vertical clearance over the CSX Railroad, the new bridge would need to be constructed at a higher elevation than the existing bridge. In order to accommodate the height of the new bridge, the east and west approaches would need to be reconstructed. A design similar to the 12th Street Bridge was considered when determining the disturb limits for this alternate.

The purple dotted line in Figure 3, shows the disturb limits of the east and west approach, assuming a 3:1 fill slope. Most properties along the frontage of the project would be affected by the fill. Consequently, this design would require additional rightof-way and cause historic impacts.

In order to minimize impacts on properties fronting 11th Street, a retaining wall could be considered. However, the height of a retaining wall would impact properties fronting 11th Street. Figure 3 below shows approximate heights of a retaining wall at the center of the frontage along 11th Street. As shown in Figure 3, 16 and 20 11th Street would have an 8.5 to 10 foot wall along the frontage of the property with this alternate. It is important to note that 20 11th Street is the Wadsworth Electric Company.

The Wadsworth Electric Company is listed on the National Register for Historic Places. All of the impacted property along 11th Street is located in the Seminary Square Historic Preservation Overlay Zone. All impacted property to the west of the western bridge abutment is included in the Seminary Square Historic District. All property to the east of the eastern bridge abutment is included in the Downtown Historic District. See Appendix 6A for a map of Covington's National Register Historic Places and Appendix 6B for a map of Covington's Historic Preservation Overlay Zones.

11th Street Address	Approximate Height of Retaining Wall Near the Center of the Property Frontage (feet)
106	3
108	3
109	3
110	2
111	0.5
112	0.5
114	<0.5
115	<0.5
116	<0.5
15	8.5
16	10
19	2
20	1
25-29	8.5

Figure 4 - Approximate height of a retaining wall near the center of property frontage along 11th Street. All values rounded to the nearest 0.5 foot.

The Level of Service on 12th Street is not anticipated to change with this alternate.

Cost Estimate

\$200,000 Design \$500,000 Utility Right-of-Way \$350,000 Construction \$2,500,000 \$3,550,000 Total

C. Alternate 1B: Replacement of 11th Street Bridge with a pedestrian bridge

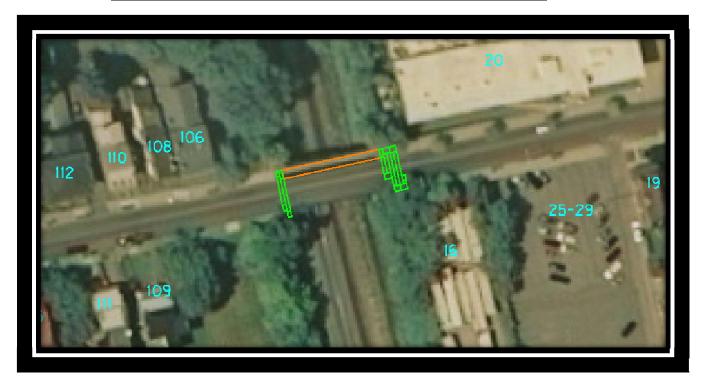


Figure 5 - Preliminary plan view of Alternate X. The orange lines represent the proposed pedestrian bridge, and the green lines represent the proposed pedestrian ramp to the bridge.

Alternate 1B, as shown in Figure 5, proposes replacing the existing 11th Street Bridge with a 7.5 foot wide pedestrian bridge. Since the existing bridge does not meet horizontal or vertical clearance requirements set by CSX Railroad, a new structure for pedestrians would be required. A design providing a walkway for pedestrians between beams would allow for greater clearance under the bridge. ADA compliant ramps would be placed at each end of the structure.

The ADA compliant, pedestrian walkway proposed in Alternate 1B would impact the frontage of 20, 16 and 106 11th Street. The existing 11th Street Bridge can be viewed by several properties in the area. This alternate will impact the view from these properties. See Appendix 6A for a map of Covington's National Register Historic Places and Appendix 6B for a map of Covington's Historic Preservation Overlay Zones.

According to Highway Capacity Software, the Level of Service on 12th Street is anticipated to reduce from a B to a C with this alternate.

Cost Estimate

\$200,000 Design Utilities \$500,000 Right-of-Way \$30,000 Construction \$700,000 **Total** \$1,430,000

D. Alternate 2A: Replacement of 15th Street Bridge with a vehicular bridge

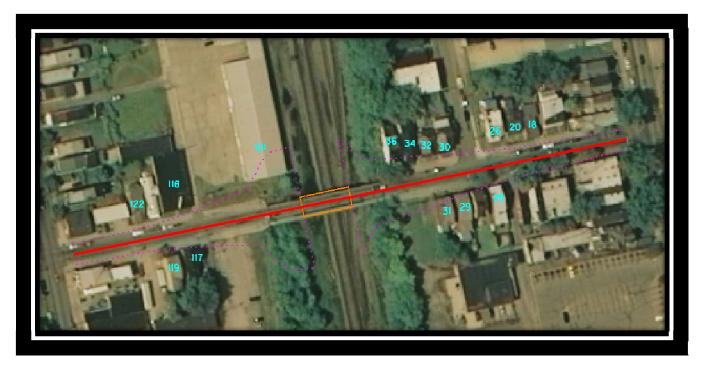


Figure 6 - Preliminary plan view of Alternate 2A. The red line represents the proposed centerline of shows the approximate disturb limits. The blue numbers depict the addresses of properties along 15th Street.

Alternate 2A, as shown in Figure 6, proposes replacing the existing 15th Street Bridge. The existing 15th Street Bridge does not have sufficient vertical or horizontal clearance. In order to obtain the proper vertical clearance over the CSX Railroad, the new bridge would need to be constructed at a higher elevation than the existing bridge. As a result, the east and west approaches would also need to be reconstructed. In order to determine approximate disturb limits, a design similar to the 12th Street Bridge was considered.

The purple dotted line in Figure 6, shows the disturb limits of the east and west approach, assuming a 3:1 fill slope. Most properties along the frontage of the project would be affected by the fill. Consequently, this design would require additional rightof-way and cause historic impacts.

In order to minimize impacts on properties fronting 15th Street, a retaining wall could be considered. However, the height of a retaining would impact properties fronting 15th Street. As shown in Figure 6, 101, 36 and 34 15th Street would have an 8.5 to 11 foot wall along the frontage of the property with this alternate. It is important to note that all impacted property to the east of the bridge to Madison Avenue, is included in the West 15th Street Historic District. See Appendix 6A for a map of Covington's National Register Historic Places and Appendix 6B for a map of Covington's Historic Preservation Overlay Zones.

15th Street Address	Approximate Height of Retaining Wall Near the Center of the Property Frontage (feet)
122	1
121	1
120	1.5
119	1.5
118	2.5
117	2.5
101	8.5
36	11
34	10
32	9
31	9
30	7.5
29	7.5
27	6
26	4
25	5
20	3
18	2.5
1451 Madison Avenue	1

Figure 7 - Approximate height of a retaining wall near the center of property frontage along 15th Street. All values rounded to the nearest 0.5 foot.

This alternate is anticipated to reduce the volume of traffic on 12th Street. However, Highway Capacity software does not anticipate the Level of Service to increase from a B to an A.

Cost Estimate

\$200,000 Design \$500,000 Utilities Right-of-Way \$1,800,000 \$4,500,000 Construction \$7,000,000 Total

E. <u>Alternate 2B</u>: <u>Replacement of 15th Street Bridge with a pedestrian bridge</u>

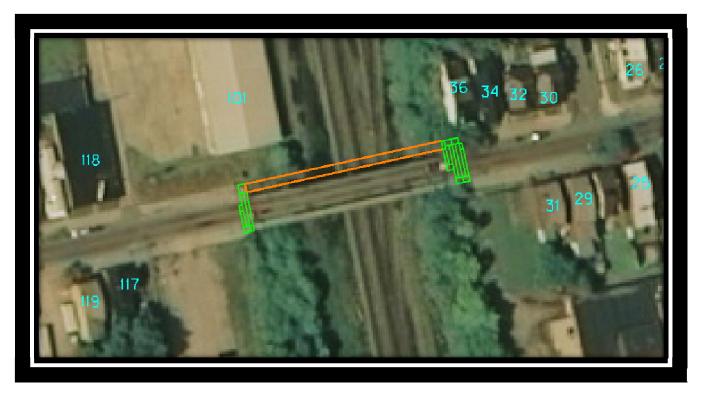


Figure 8 - Preliminary plan view of Alternate X. The orange line represents the proposed pedestrian bridge, and the green line represents pedestrian ramps to the bridge.

Alternate 2B, as shown in Figure 8, proposes replacing the existing 15th Street Bridge over the CSX Railroad with a 7.5 foot wide pedestrian bridge. Since the existing bridge does not meet horizontal or vertical clearance requirements set by CSX Railroad, a new structure for pedestrians would be required. A design providing a walkway for pedestrians between beams would allow for greater clearance under the bridge. ADA compliant ramps would be placed at each end of the structure.

The ADA compliant, pedestrian walkway proposed in Alternate 2B would impact the frontage of 101 15th Street. Furthermore, the existing 11th Street Bridge can be viewed by several properties in the area. This alternate would impact the view from these properties. See Appendix 6A for a map of Covington's National Register Historic Places and Appendix 6B for a map of Covington's Historic Preservation Overlay Zones.

The Level of Service on 12th Street should not be affected by this alternate.

Cost Estimate

Design \$200,000 Utilities \$500,000 Right-of-Way \$30,000 \$1,000,000 Construction Total \$1,730,000

VII. SUMMARY

The DNA for the 11th Street (KY 1120) Bridge and the 15th Street (CS 2097) Bridge projects studied the need for the two projects, located in Covington, Kentucky. The study also identified several alternates and potential issues related to the alternates.

Evaluation of the existing bridges indicated that there is a need for a project on the 11th and 15th Street bridges. The 15th Street Bridge is currently closed to traffic due to structural concerns. The 11th Street Bridge has a low sufficiency rating, and will likely be closed soon as well. A majority of the vehicles who currently use the 11th Street Bridge are projected to use the 12th Street Bridge to cross the CSX Railroad, once the 11th Street Bridge is closed. There is an existing construction project to increase capacity of the 12th Street corridor. However, once the 11th Street Bridge is closed, the additional traffic is likely to cause a reduction in the level of service on 12th Street. These concerns helped develop the alternates proposed in the DNA.

Three alternates were proposed for each bridge. These alternates included a no build, replacement with a pedestrian bridge and replacement with a vehicular bridge. Due to the poor condition of the 11th and 15th Street Bridges, no build alternates proposed complete removal of each bridge.

Each alternate studied in the DNA posed a potential impact to the community. The most significant impacts identified included cost, connectivity impacts, historic impacts, and right-of-way impacts. The table below summarized the impacts for each alternate. The score in the table ranges from 0 to 3 indicating the significance of the impact as compared to other alternates in the DNA (0 = no impact, 3 = significant impact), determined by the planning level analysis preformed in this study.

Alternate	Cost	Connectivity Impacts	Historic Impacts	Right-of- Way Impacts
No-Build	\$500,000	3	1	1
		11th Street		
1A (Vehicular Bridge)	\$3,550,000	0	3	3
1B (Pedestrian Bridge)	\$1,430,000	2	1	1
		15th Street		
2A (Vehicular Bridge)	\$7,000,000	0	3	3
2B (Pedestrian Bridge)	\$1,730,000	2	1	1

APPENDIX 1A 11th STREET PICTURES



11th Street Looking West



11th Street Bridge from CSX Railroad



11th Street Looking West



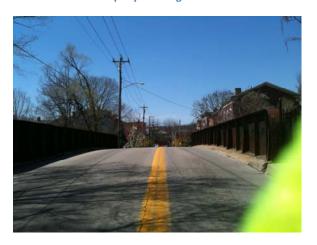
 $\mathbf{11}^{\mathrm{th}}$ Street Space between Bridge and Sidewalk



11th Street Bridge Sidewalk Looking West



Watson Electric Company Building



11th Street Bridge Looking West



Underneath 11th Street Bridge



Watson Electric Company



11th Street Bridge from CSX Railroad

APPENDIX 1B 15th STREET PICTURES

15th Street Pictures



15th Street Bridge Looking East



15th Street Historic District Sign



15th Street Bridge Looking East from CSX Railroad



15th Street Bridge Looking East



15th Street Bridge Looking West



15th Street Looking West



Underneath 15th Street Bridge



15th Street Looking East



15th Street Bridge Profile



15th Street Looking East

APPENDIX 2A

11th STREET STRUCTURAL INVENTORY AND APPRAISAL SHEETS

KENTUCKY TRANSPORTATION CABINET Division Of Operations STRUCTURAL, INVENTORY, AND APPRAISAL SHEET

TON	AD NAME	2 25 ROAD NAME	D SPEED 1.25	T DISTANCE AND	APPROACH SIGHT LENGTH 1 100	ROAD CLASS	ASPHALT THICKNESS 3 INCHES
PROTECTION 0	PRO:	0	SYSTEM MEMBRANE	CE / PROTECTIVE	108. WEARING SURFACE / PROTECTIVE SYSTEM SURFACE 6 M		107. DECK TYPE
				ž	OR BEAM SYSTEM	EL GIRDER & FLO	SINGLE SPAN (88'0") STEEL GIRDER & FLOOR BEAM SYSTEM
							BBIDGE DESCRIPTION
•	OVER	0		2	2		UNDER
105. YEAR RECONSTRUCTED	ON1	104. HIGHWAY SYSTEM	103. TEMPORARY STRUCTURE	102. TRAFFIC DIRECTIO	STRUCTURE		100. DEFENSE HIGHWAY
				REFERENCE FEATURE	FTO IN. REFERE	H 22	REFERENCE FEATURE_
56. MIN. LATERAL LEFT UNDERCLEARANCE	MIN. LATERAL LI	56.	55. MIN. LATERAL RIGHT UNDERCLEARANCE	ATERAL RIGHT I	55. MIN. L	RCLEARANCE	54. MIN. VERTICAL UNDERCLEARANCE
99 FT 99 IN.		49.8 FT.		FT.	27	, FT	RIGHT 0
53. MIN. VERTICAL CLEARANCE OVER DECK	53. MI	52. DECK WIDTH OUT - TO - OUT	52. DECK	뀲	51. BRIDGE WIDTH, CURB TO CURB	DTHS FT.	50 CURB - SIDEWALK WIDTHS LEFT 0 FT.
91 FT.		87 FT.]]	UNDER	L	DACH 0	46, APPROACH
49. STRUCTURE LENGTH	49. S	48. LENGTH OF MAXIMUM SPAN	 편	ONTAL 27	47. TOTAL HORIZONTAL CLEARANCE ON.	_	NO. OF SPANS 45. MAIN
44.STRUCTURE TYPE APPROACH 0 00	44.STRUCTURE	2		Α	רטפובט, טבטפבט		CLEARANCE
TYPE MAIN 3 03	43. STRUCTURE TYPE MAIN	1	ON	42. TYPE	41. STRUCTURE OPEN,		40. NAVIGATIONAL HORIZONTAL
0	0	СП	0	_	0	0	0
39, NAVIGATION VERTICAL CLEARANCE	38. NAVIGATION CONTROL	37. HISTORICAL SIGNIFICANCE	36. TRAFFIC SAFETY 37.		35. STRUCTURE	34. SKEW	33. BRIDGE MEDIAN
. 8		28			UNDER		UNDER
APPROACH ROADWAY PAVEMENT	HTDIW	32. APPROACH ROADWAY WIDTH W/SHOULDER		31. DESIGN LOAD	30. A.D.T. YEAR ON 2004		29. AVERAGE DAILY TRAFFIC ON 12948
73	UNDER					UNDER_	
			1927			ON O	01
	S ON STRUCTURE	T 28 I ANES ON	27 YEAR RUILT		JAI CI ASSIFICATION	SE ELINCTIONAL	23 OWNER
01	1	မ					
NANCE RESPONSIBILTY	21. MAI	20. TOLL		19. BYPASS, DETOUR LENGTH	F	17 LONGITUDE	16 I ATITUDE
Ж 		 	UNDER	10 FT. LANE		LST	11TH ST E OF RUSSELL ST
MILEPOINT 53	11.	L CLEARANCE	10. INVENTORY ROUTE - MIN. VERTICAL CLEARANCE	10. INVENTORY F			9. LOCATION
			CON DOLL KOND	,			UNDER
AME	7. FACILITY NAME			6. FEATURES INTERSECTED	1120 0 6. FEATURE	3 1 11	5. INVENTORY ROUTE
0465	059		06	214	214 (KY)	20-B00083	06-MP-059-1120-B00083
4. PLACE CODE CITY/TOWN		3. COUNTY	2. HIGHWAY DISTRICT	2. H	1 STATE CODE		8 PROJECT NUMBER

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BRIDGE	J
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	מאוספר	COMPLICIA INCLINE	
58. DECK	MA	MATERIAL CONDITION	RATING 5
59. SUPERSTRUCTURE			υ
60. SUBSTRUCTURE		(d)	ത
61. CHANNEL AND CHANNEL PROTECTION	VEL PROTECTION		N
62. CULVERTS - WINGWALLS	LLS		N
64. OPERATING RATING	66. INVENTORY RATING	BRIDGE APPRAISAL	AL RATINGS
-	-		DEFICIENCIES RATING
90. INSPECTION DATE	91. DESIGNATED INSPECTION	67. STRUCTURAL EVALUATION	o,
29-NOV-05	24	68. DECK GEOMETRY	3
SIGNATURE	TITLE	69. UNDERCLEARANCES, VERT. & HORIZ.	4
		70. BRIDGE POSTING	Ċr.
92. CRITICAL FEATURE	93. CRITICAL FEATURE DATE	71. WATERWAY ADEQUACY	Z
P	A	72. APPROACH ROADWAY ALIGNMENT	G t
 	B. 	75. TYPE OF WORK 34 1	
 2 		76. LENGTH OF STRUCTURE IMPROVEMENT	9.1
94. BRIDGE IMPROVEMENT 95. COSTS * 1258	95. ROADWAY IMPROVEMENT 96. TOTAL PROJECT COSTS 0 COSTS 12	PROJECT 97, YEAR OF ESTIMATE 2004	MEMORIAL BRIDGE NAME
98. BORDER A. BRIDGE B +	99. BORDER BRIDGE NUMBER 109.	109. AVERAGE DAILY 110. NATIONAL ON NETWORK UNI	ON 0 111. PIER ABUTMENT PROTECTION
112. NBIS BRIDGE LENGTH	113. SCOUR CRITICAL BRIDGES N	114. FUTURE A.D.T 115. A.D.T. YR 1 23200 2019	116. VERTICAL LIFT BRIDGE CLEARANCE
DRAWING NUMBER	KY. ROAD SYSTEM PAINT DATE	DATE CONDITION FILL ON CULVERTS FT.	INDEPTH INSPECTION - DAT
REMARKS			

* COMPLETED BY CENTRAL OFFICE STAFF

APPENDIX 2B

11th STREET

INSPECTION REPORT

059B00083N

KYTC Bridge Inspection Report

Summary:

Inspection Date: 1/26/2011 Inspector: GCOCHRAN (23) Primary Type: Substandard (12 Months) Types of Inspections Performed:

National Bridge Inventory:

Fracture Critical: Underwater: Other Special:

Inspector Signature:

District Review Date: 2/1/2011

District Reviewer: BSEITER (55)

IDENTIFICATION

Bridge ID (8):

059B00083N MAP BRIDGE

District Number:

6

Route Carried (7):

11TH STREET

County (3):

59 Kenton

Mile Point:

0.621

Feature Intersected (6): CSX RAILROAD

Location (9):

11TH ST E OF RUSSELL ST

Road Name:

WEST 11TH ST NC

Structure Description:

90 Foot - Single Span Steel Girder and Floorbeam System

NBI CONDITION SCHEDULE TAB Deck (58): Schedule: 4 Required (Y/N) **Last Date** Frequency **Next Date** Superstructure (59): NBI (90): 1/26/2011 3 (91): 12 mos 1/26/2012

(92A): 24 mos Substructure (60): 4 Fracture Critical (92A): Y (93A): 1/1/1901 1/1/1901 Culverts (62): N Underwater (92B): N (93B): 1/1/1901 (92B): mos 1/1/1901 Channel/Protection (61): N Other Special (92C): (93C): 1/1/1901 1/1/1901 N (92C): mos Elemental: NA 12 mos 1/26/2012

Load Rating and Posting WATERWAY Truck Type Typ I Typ II Typ III Typ IV Gross Scour Critical (113): Ν Recomm. Posting: 20 22 22 22 Observed 113 Rating: N Field Posting: -1 -1 -1 -1 -1 Posting Status (41): A Open, no restriction Waterway Adeq. (71): N Signs Posted: Cardinal: Non-Cardinal:

DECK/WEARING SURFACE

Deck Type (107):

1 Concrete-Cast-In-Place

Wearing Surface/Protective System (108):

Type: 6

Bridge Rail: 0

Membrane: 0 Transition: 0 Protection: 0 Appr. Rail: 0

Rail Ends: 0

Traffic Safety Features (36):

Overlay Type:

Overlay:

Asphalt

Overlay Thickness:

2.99

Vertical Clearances	
Minimum Vertical Overclearance (53):	99.99
Minimum Vertical Underclearance (54):	0.00
Maximum Vertical Clearance (10):	99.99
Minimum Vertical Clearance:	29

Sufficiency Ratings SR: 3.00 SD/FO: 1 Structurally Deficient

Element C	Condition State Data					,		
Elm/Env	Description	Units	Total Qty.	Qty. CS1	Qty. CS2	Qty. CS3	Qty. CS4	Qty. CS5
104/3	P/S Conc Box Girder	LF	180.00	176.00	4.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
107/3	Paint Stl Opn Girder	LF	178.00	0.00	44.00	44.00	44.00	46.00
113/3	Paint Stl Stringer	LF	360.00	360.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

059B00083N

KYTC Bridge Inspection Report

Inspection Date: 1/26/2011 Inspector: GCOCHRAN (23) Primary Type: Substandard (12 Months) Types of Inspections Performed: National Bridge Inventory: Element: Y
Fracture Critical: N
Underwater: N
Other Special: N

Element C	ondition State Data							
Elm/Env	Description	Units	Total Qty.	Qty. CS1	Qty. CS2	Qty. CS3	Qty. CS4	Qty. CS
13/3	Unp Conc Deck/AC Ovl	SF	2,340.00	2,340.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
151/3	Unpnt Stl Floor Beam	LF	300.00	200.00	0.00	0.00	100.00	0.00
215/3	R/Conc Abutment	LF	100.00	25.00	25.00	50.00	0.00	0.00
311/3	Moveable Bearing	EA	2.00	0.00	0.00	2.00	0.00	0.00
312/3	Enclosed Bearing	EA	4.00	4.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
313/3	Fixed Bearing	EA	2.00	0.00	0.00	2.00	0.00	0.00
334/3	Metal Rail Coated	LF	180.00	180.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
357/3	Pack Rust Smart Flag	EA	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00
359/3	Soffit Smart Flag	EA	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00
363/3	Section Loss SmFlag	EA	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00
503/3	RC Curb	LF	180.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	45.00	0.00
505/3	RC Sidewalk	LF	90.00	89.00	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
609/1	Debris on Superstruc	EA	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00

Element Condition State Data					
Str Unit Elm/Env	Description	Description			
1 104/3	P/S Conc Box Girder	Box Beam-Note that P.P.C. Box Beam deck units have been placed on the left exterior side of structure for only pedestrian sidewalk use. Topside surface of box beams could not be viewed for inspection, due to snow cover. Box beam element #2 was found to have spalling located in the right most upper corner, at union between topside of beam and right web. Spalling conditions were found at both the rear and forward ends of element, which are approximately 1.5 to 2.0 feet in length at this time. Bottom side of beams were found to have a moderate to heavy amount of very dark staining, due to both longitudinal joint failure and soot from train traffic below. Note that box beam #1 was found to have longitudinal cracking in bottom side, with seepage and dark staining. Detected crack starts at or near the forward abutment seat and extends outward into span approximately 15.0 feet. Tensioning tie-rods were found to be in place at this time. (See Photos)			
1 107/3	Paint Stl Opn Girder	Steel Girders- Steel girder elements throughout structure are approximately 9.5 feet in height, with the lower 4.25 feet of elements totally encased in cast-in-place concrete material. Concrete encasement design along lower portion of elements is prevent view of for inspection. Exposed upper portion of steel beam elements were found to have a severe loss of protective paint coating system typical throughout, along with varying degrees of rusting conditions occurring from moderate to severe. Steel girders along areas where concrete encasement stops were found to have varying degrees of sufficient section loss in webs and vertical stiffeners at connection locations between elements. Corrosion in elements is advanced. Webs of girders at or near connection areas of vertical stiffeners were found showing approximately 30% section loss at this time, along with thick sheets of rust. Several vertical stiffeners throughout the exterior face of girder #1 (left most) were found to have section loss of up to 100% at this time. Note that exterior side of girder #2 (right most) could not be viewed for inspection, due to older sidewalk being completely removed some time during the past and chainlink fence now blocking access to area. As noted above lower section of steel girder elements are completely encased in concrete material. Several areas of encasement along bottom flange of both girders were found failing and starting to fall off of elements exposing conditions of steel material. Buildup plates in bottom flange of girders in areas of exposure were found to have a heavy amount of section loss, along with connection rivets also showing a severe loss of section. Note that more and more concrete material throughout encasement areas appear to be failing and spalling completely off of elements, which in some areas is falling onto railroad tracks below. A thorough inspection could not be performed on these two girder elements, due to encasement.			

059B00083N

KYTC Bridge Inspection Report

059B0	0083N		KYTC Bridge Inspection Repo	rt	
Summary	Inspection I	Date: 1/26/2011 ector: GCOCHRAN (Type: Substandard (Types of Inspections Performed: National Bridge Inventory: Element: Fracture Critical: Underwater: Other Special:	Y N N
Eleme	nt Cond	ition State Da	ta		
Str Uni	l Elm/Env	Description	Description		
1	113/3	Paint Stl Stringer	Steel Stringers- NOTE THAT STEEL STRINGER ELEMENTS THROUGHOI ENCASED IN CONCRETE MATERIAL AND COULD NOT I Quantity's for element in Pontis program were not rated during be viewed. For a thorough inspection review of elements all concrete enca Concrete encasement was found to have random areas of crac 3.0 inches in length. (See Photos)	BE AND WERE NOT VIEWED FOR INSPI g this inspection on structural elements that of esements would need to be completely remov	ECTION. could not ed.
1	13/3	Unp Conc Deck/AC Ovl	Deck- Note that topside surface of deck area could not be viewed for Asphalt material throughout overlay was found to have a mo- along both the rear and forward ends of structure, at union beto Randomly spaced transverse cracking was noted in asphalt ow Overlay material was found starting to show a minor amount of material. (See Photos)	oderate amount of transverse and diagonal ween structure and approach roadway transiti erlay throughout the eastbound lane of travel	ions.
1	151/3	Unpnt Stl Floor Beam	Steel Floorbeam's-NOTE THAT STEEL FLOORBEAM ELEMENTS THROUGHO ENCASED IN CONCRETE MATERIAL AND COULD NOT a Quantity's for element in Pontis program were not rated during be viewed. Note that random sections throughout bottom flange of beams exposing flanges. A heavy amount of section loss was found in areas of exposevere damages to occur in both buildup plates and connection for a thorough inspection review of elements all concrete enca Concrete encasement was found to have random areas of crac 3.0 inches in length. (See Photos)	BE AND WERE NOT VIEWED FOR INSPI g this inspection on structural elements that of were found to have concrete encasements for sure throughout bottom flange of elements, in rivets.	ECTION. could not alling off, causing
1	215/3	R/Conc Abutment	Abutments- Both the rear and forward abutment elements were found to locations throughout breastwall fascias, along with random map Bearing areas/beam seats of abutments could only be viewed to have a heavy amount of concrete deteriorating conditions. Note that abutment elements appear to be stay very damp for I (See Photos)	p cracking, spalling, rust staining and efflores from ground during time of this inspection, bu Lift equipment is needed for closer review	cence. it appear
1	311/3	Moveable Bearing	Moveable Bearings- Moveable bearing devices throughout structure are of Steel F abutment seat. Note that bearing devices could only be viewed from ground I needed for closer review of elements. Moveable roller nest bearing devices were found to be encase has failed and fallen from abutment backwall fascia area. Both the left and right roller nest bearing devices appear to ha throughout, along with varying degrees of section loss in mater Moveable bearing devices appear to be no longer operating now. (See Photos)	level during time of this inspection. Lift equi d in roadway debris and fallen concrete debrance a heavy to severe amount of pack rust contail.	ipment is is, which onditions
1	312/3	Enclosed Bearing	Enclosed Bearings- Noted that this element description was opened for bearing Bearing devices under box beams could not be viewed for insp	devices located under box beam deck unit- ection at this time.	s, if any.
1	313/3	Fixed Bearing	Fixed Bearings- Fixed bearing devices are located on the rear abutment seat ar of this inspection. Lift equipment is needed for closer review of Fixed bearing devices were found to be encased in roadway d fallen from abutment backwall fascia area. Both the left and right devices appear to have a heavy to see with varying degrees of section loss in material.	f elements. ebris and fallen concrete debris, which has fa	ailed and
1	334/3	Metal Rail Coated	Bridge Railing- This element description was opened for railing system/hand ra left and right sides of sidewalk located on left side of structure,	ail (wrought iron vandal protection system) al which is independent of thru girder system.	ong both
1	357/3	Pack Rust Smart Flag	Pack Rust- Pack rusting conditions were found in random locations throu (vertical stiffeners to girder webs, sway bracing material to stiff- material. Varying degrees of pack rust appears to be typical throughor equipment is needed for closer review of elements.	eners, etc.), causing distress and deformation	n in steel

APPENDIX 3A

15th STREET

STRUCTURAL INVENTORY AND APPRAISAL SHEETS

KENTUCKY TRANSPORTATION CABINET Division Of Operations STRUCTURAL, INVENTORY, AND APPRAISAL SHEET

ASPHALT THICKNESS ROAD CLASS APPROACH SIGHT DISTANCE AND SPEED 3 INCHES 14 LENGTH 1 100 2 100 SP	107. DECK TYPE 108. WEARING SURFACE / PROTECTIVE SYSTEM SURFACE 6 MI	SINGLE SPAN (88'0") STEEL GIRDER & FLOOR BEAM SYSTEM	BRIDGE DESCRIPTION	UNDER2	STRUCTURE 102. TRAFFIC DIRECTIO	REFERENCE FEATURE H 22 FT. 0 IN. REFERENCE FEATURE	54. MIN. VERTICAL UNDERCLEARANCE 55. MIN. LATERAL RIGHT UNDERCLE	Т 0	50 CURB - SIDEWALK WIDTHS LEFT 0 FT. 51. BRIDGE WIDTH, CURB TO CURB	46. APPROACH O UNDER FT.	NO. OF SPANS 47. TOTAL HORIZONTAL 47. TOTAL HORIZONTAL CLEARANCE ON. 27 FT.	O COLLY, CLOSED A	42. TYPE	_	33. BRIDGE MEDIAN 34. SKEW 35. STRUCTURE 36. TRAFFIC SAFETY FLARED FEATURES	UNDER UNDER	29. AVERAGE DAILY TRAFFIC 30. A.D.T. YEAR 31. DESIGN LOAD ON 2004 2		22. OWNER 26. FUNCTIONAL CLASSIFICATION 27.	1	16. LATITUDE 17. LONGITUDE 19. BYPASS, DETOUR LENGTH		10.	DER	5. INVENTORY ROUTE 3 1 1120 0 6. FEATURES INTERSECTED CSX RAII ROAD	8. PROJECT NUMBER 1. STATE CODE 2. HIGHWAY DISTRICT 06-MP-059-1120-B00083 214 (KY) 214 06	
SPEED 1.25 2.25 ROAD NAME SPEED 1.25 2.25 11TH ST IN COVINGTON	MEMBRANE 0 PROTECTION 0			OVER	103. TEMPORARY 104. HIGHWAY ON 1 105. YEAR RECONSTRUCTED	10 FT. 0 FT.	UNDERCLEARANCE 56. MIN. LATERAL LEFT UNDERCLEARANCE		52. DECK WIDTH 53. MIN. VERTICAL CLEARANCE OVER OUT - TO - OUT	<u>87</u> FT. <u>91</u> FT.	48. LENGTH OF MAXIMUM SPAN 49. STRUCTURE LENGTH	OVER 2 44.STRUCTURE TYPE APPROACH 0 00	ON 1 43. STRUCTURE TYPE MAIN 3 03	0	FETY 37. HISTORICAL 38. NAVIGATION 39. NAVIGATION VERTICAL CLEARANCE	28 28	32. APPROACH ROADWAY WIDTH W/SHOULDER	UNDER	27. YEAR BUILT 28. LANES ON STRUCTURE 2	3	NGTH 20. TOLL 21. MAINTENANCE RESPONSIBILTY	FT. IN.	INVENTORY ROUTE - MIN. VERTICAL CLEARANCE 11. MILEPOINT .53		7. FACILITY NAME	06 059 0465	3 COLETY

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58. DECK		MATERIAL	CONDITION	RATING
59. SUPERSTRUCTURE				U
60. SUBSTRUCTURE	100 M			4
61. CHANNEL AND CHANNEL PROTECTION	NEL PROTECTION			Z
62. CULVERTS - WINGWALLS	VLLS			Z
64. OPERATING RATING	66. INVENTORY RATING	BRI	BRIDGE APPRAISA	L RATINGS
9	ø			
90. INSPECTION DATE	91. DESIGNATED INSPECTION	N 67. STRUCTURAL EVALUATION	TION	ယ
03-AUG-04	12	68. DECK GEOMETRY		2
SIGNATURE	ППГЕ	69. UNDERCLEARANCES, VERT. & HORIZ.	VERT. & HORIZ.	4
		70. BRIDGE POSTING		5
92. CRITICAL FEATURE	93. CRITICAL FEATURE DATE	71. WATERWAY ADEQUACY	×	V
). N	A	72. APPROACH ROADWAY ALIGNMENT	ALIGNMENT	44
ο	B.	75. TYPE OF WORK 34	1	
2	c.	76. LENGTH OF STRUCTURE IMPROVEMENT	RE IMPROVEMENT	17.9
94. BRIDGE IMPROVEMENT 95. COSTS 2000	95. ROADWAY IMPROVEMENT 96. TO: COSTS * 550 CO:	96. TOTAL PROJECT 97. YEAR OF ESTIMATE COSTS 3360 1999	ESTIMATE 1999	MEMORIAL BRIDGE NAME
98. BORDER A	99. BORDER BRIDGE NUMBER 10	109. AVERAGE DAILY TRUCK TRAFFIC %	110. NATIONAL ON NETWORK UND	ON 0 111. PIER ABUTMENT PROTECTION
112. NBIS BRIDGE LENGTH Y	113. SCOUR CRITICAL BRIDGES N	114. FUTURE A.D.T 23200	115. A.D.T. YR. • 111 2016	16. VERTICAL LIFT BRIDGE CLEARANCE
DRAWING NUMBER	KY. ROAD SYSTEM PAI 08 01-	PAINT DATE CONDITION 01-2001 3	FILL ON CULVERTS FT.	INDEPTH INSPECTION - DAT
REMARKS REOPENED TO TRAFFIC 8-3-00	AFFIC 8-3-00			

* COMPLETED BY CENTRAL OFFICE STAFF

APPENDIX 3B

15TH STREET

INSPECTION REPORT

059C00029N

KYTC Bridge Inspection Report

Summary:

Inspection Date: 6/3/2010 Inspector: RSEMONES (179) Primary Type: SIA (Initial Inventory Types of Inspections Performed:

National Bridge Inventory: Fracture Critical: Underwater: Other Special:

District Review Date: 8/2/2010

District Reviewer: **BSEITER (55)**

IDENTIFICATION

Inspector Signature:

Bridge ID (8):

059C00029N MAP BRIDGE

EAST OF RUSSEL ST.ON 15TH

District Number:

Route Carried (7):

WEST 15TH STREET

County (3):

117 Kenton

Mile Point:

Feature Intersected (6): CSX RAILROAD

Location (9):

Structure Description:

179.2 Foot - 3 Span Steel Girder and Floorbeam System

Road Name:

WEST 15TH ST

NBI CONDITION		SCHEDULE TAB					
Deck (58):	N	Schedule:	Required (Y/N)	Last Date		Frequency	Next Date
Superstructure (59):	N	NBI (90):		6/3/2010	(91):	12 mos	6/3/2011
Substructure (60):	N	Fracture Critical (92A):	N	(93A): 1/1/1901	(92A):	mos	1/1/1901
Culverts (62):	N	Underwater (92B):	Ν .	(93B): 1/1/1901	(92B):	mos	1/1/1901
Channel/Protection (61):	N	Other Special (92C):	N	(93C): 1/1/1901	(92C):	mos	1/1/1901
		Elemental:	NA			12 mos	6/3/2011

Load Rating and Post	ing					WATERWAY	
Truck Type	Тур І	Тур II	Typ III	Typ IV	Gross	Scour Critical (113):	N
Recomm. Posting:	9	9	9	9	9		
						Observed 113 Rating:	Ν
Field Posting:	-1	-1	-1	-1	3		
Posting Status (41):	K Bridge	closed to all	traffic			Waterway Adeq. (71):	N
Signs Posted:	Cardina	ıl: Y	Non-Card	linal: Y			

DECK/	WEAR	ING	SURF	ACE

Traffic Safety Features (36):

Deck Type (107):

8 Wood or Timber

Wearing Surface/Protective System (108):

Type: 6

Bridge Rail: 0

Membrane: 0 Transition: 0

Protection: 0

Appr. Rail: 0 Rail Ends: 0

Overlay:

Y

Overlay Type:

Asphalt

Overlay Thickness:

2.01

Vertical Clearances	
Minimum Vertical Overclearance (53):	99.99
Minimum Vertical Underclearance (54):	0.00
Maximum Vertical Clearance (10):	99.99
Minimum Vertical Clearance:	99.99

Sufficie	ency Ratings	3	
SR:	19.00	SD/FO:	1 Structurally Deficient

Element C	Condition State Data							*
Elm/Env	Description	Units	Total Qty.	Qty. CS1	Qty. CS2	Qty. CS3	Qty. CS4	Qty. CS5
107/1	Paint Stl Opn Girder	LF	354.10	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	354.10
113/1	Paint Stl Stringer	LF	531.15	531.15	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
117/1	Timber Stringer	LF	2,478.70	0.00	1,859.03	619.68	0.00	0.00

059C00029N

KYTC Bridge Inspection Report

Summary:

Inspection Date: 6/3/2010 Inspector: RSEMONES (179) Primary Type: SIA (Initial Inventory Types of Inspections Performed:

National Bridge Inventory:

Element:

Y
Fracture Critical:

N
Underwater:

N
Other Special:

N

Elm/Env	Description	Units	Total Qty.	Qty. CS1	Qty. CS2	Qty. CS3	Qty. CS4	Qty. CS5
152/1	Paint Stl Floor Beam	LF	503.85	0.00	0.00	0.00	128.85	375.00
202/1	Paint Stl Column	EA	2.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	2.00	0.00
206/1	Timber Column	EA	3.00	0.00	3.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
211/1	Other Mtl Pier Wall	LF	29.11	0.00	29.11	0.00	0.00	0.00
215/1	R/Conc Abutment	LF	28.93	28.93	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
217/1	Other Mtl Abutment	LF	74.27	0.00	74.27	0.00	0.00	0.00
235/1	Timber Cap	· LF	15.88	15.88	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
311/1	Moveable Bearing	EA	12.00	0.00	8.00	4.00	0.00	0.00
32/1	Timber Deck/AC Ovly	SF	3,445.39	0.00	0.00	0.00	3,445.39	0.00
334/1	Metal Rail Coated	LF	317.11	317.11	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
356/1	Steel Fatigue SmFlag	EA	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00
357/1	Pack Rust Smart Flag	EA	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00
358/1	Deck Cracking SmFlag	EA	1.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00
363/1	Section Loss SmFlag	EA	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00
604/1	2nd Elem Dist	EA	1.00	0.00	0.00	1.00	0.00	0.00

Eleme	nt Condi	tion State Dat	ta
Str Uni	Elm/Env	Description	Description
1	107/1	Paint Stl Opn Girder	Structure is through girder construction, which has plating welded to girder at roadway level and throughout structure. (See Photos) All steel components has various degrees of section loss. from 10 % up to 100%.
			same comments by Robert Semones dated June 3, 2010
1	113/1	Paint Stl Stringer	South sidewalk has been replaced with steel stringer and fiber-reinforced concrete deck. All deteriorated floorbeam extensions under south sidewalk were either repaired or replaced. North sidewalk was removed to face of beam connections using cutting torch during repairs with cut areas having coat of paint applied to slow rusting.
			same comments by Robert Semones dated June 3, 2010
1	117/1	Timber Stringer	Decay, splitting, cracking, or crushing has produced loss of strength or deflection of the element but not of a sufficient magnitude to affect the serviceability of the bridge.
1	152/1	Paint Stl Floor Beam	All steel components has various degrees of section loss, from 10 % up to 100%. All deteriorated clip angles on floor beams have been repaired by either welded gusset plates or replacement. Moderate to heavy surface rusting showing throughout unrepaired areas of thru girders and floorbeams. There is also rust form on repaired areas. Floor beam in span #1 has temporary support in place and should be temporary.
			same comment by Robert Semones dated June 3, 2010
1	202/1	Paint Stl Column	All steel components has various degrees of section loss, from 10 % up to 100%. Pier #2 lateral bracing of steel bent has heavy deterioration of lower angles and lattice bracing. Pier #2 is constructed of buildup steel plating with lower section encased in concrete, which is showing loss of section at point of encasement. Upper lateral bracing has heavy loss of section with top bracing having large area with 100% loss of section. (See Photos)
1	206/1	Timber Column	Floor beam in span #1 has temporary support inplace and should be temporary.
1	211/1	Other Mtl Pier Wall	Pier #1 is constructed of sandstone. Heavy debris found on all caps. (People/Trash)
1	215/1	R/Conc Abutment	Wingwall are cast in place reinforced concrete.

059C00029N

KYTC Bridge Inspection Report

Summary:

Inspection Date: 6/3/2010 Inspector: RSEMONES (179) Primary Type: SIA (Initial Inventory Types of Inspections Performed:

National Bridge Inventory: Y
Element: Y
Fracture Critical: N
Underwater: N
Other Special: N

Eleme	nt Condi	tion State Dat	a
Str Unit	Elm/Env	Description	Description
1	217/1	Other Mtl Abutment	Abutment are constructed of large cut sand stone, which is showing moderate deterioration at abutment #1. Random cracking found typical throughout. Heavy debris found on all caps. (People/Trash)
1	235/1	Timber Cap	Floor beam in span #1 has temporary support inplace and should be temporary.
1	311/1	Moveable Bearing	Roller nest at pier #2 is not working. Device rusted in place. Roller nest at pier #3 unknown if it is working. Slide plates at abutment #1 and #2, Pier #2 and #3.
1	32/1	Timber Deck/AC Ovly	Bridge has been closed by the city of Covington in 2006 to vehicle traffic, open to pedestrian traffic only. Concrete barricades were placed across both roadway approaches of structure to prevent vehicle traffic from crossing.
			THIS STRUCTURE WAS REPAIRED BY THE CITY OF COVINGTON AND REOPENED TO TRAFFIC ON 8/3/00. ALL REPAIRS BEGINNING TO SHOW DETERIORATION THROUGHOUT. Deck timbers are beginning to lose floorboard connectors which is allowing independent movement of flooring timbers. This independent movement of flooring timbers is allowing asphalt wearing surface movement, causing heavy transverse, map cracking, and severe potholes to form. Topside of timber deck could not be inspected this date, due to asphalt overlay. Moderate rotting, sagging, breakage, and staining of floor timbers and timber beams found on bottom. (See Photos) Wearing surface continues to show map cracking and reflective cracking from timbers below. Newer patches showing through structure. (See Photos) Wearing surface very uneven allowing for additional (Severe) impact to structure and should be repaired A.S.A.P. All steel components has various degrees of section loss. from 10 % up to 100%. Pier #2 lateral bracing of steel bent has heavy deterioration of lower angles and lattice bracing. All deteriorated clip angles on floor beams have been repaired by either welded gusset plates or replacement.
			same comments by Robert Semones dated June 3, 2010 (see photos)
1	334/1	Metal Rail Coated	Sidewalk railing replaced with angle iron and chain link fencing. This fence shows moderate deflection when shaken. Several welds have broken in angles at attachment of horizontal bracing. (See Photos)
1	356/1	Steel Fatigue SmFlag	All steel components has various degrees of section loss. from 10 % up to 100%. Pier #2 lateral bracing of steel bent has heavy deterioration of lower angles and lattice bracing.
1	357/1	Pack Rust Smart Flag	All steel components has various degrees of section loss, from 10 % up to 100%. Pier #2 lateral bracing of steel bent has heavy deterioration of lower angles and lattice bracing.
1	358/1	Deck Cracking SmFlag	Wearing surface continues to show map cracking and reflective cracking from timbers below. Newer patches showing through structure. (See Photos) Wearing surface very uneven allowing for additional (Severe) impact to structure
1	363/1	Section Loss SmFlag	All steel components has various degrees of section loss. from 10 % up to 100%.
1	604/1	2nd Elem Dist	All steel components has various degrees of section loss. from 10 % up to 100%. Pier #2 lateral bracing of steel bent has heavy deterioration of lower angles and lattice bracing.

BRIDGE.Notes

*Notes For Central Office Request: Structure was closed during the year of 2006 to all vehicle traffic, but pedestrians are still using structure for travel. There are plans to reopening or replace this structure by the City of Covington.

Work Candidates						
Inspector Candidates:						
Candidate ID:	Status	Priority	Assigned	Action	Elem	Date Recommended
059-C00029N-1	Approved	High	Unassigned	11	0	10/28/2009

APPENDIX 4

THREATENED AND ENDANGERED SPECIES FOR KENTON COUNTY



U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service

Kentucky Ecological Services Field Office

U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service 330 West Broadway, Rm 265 Frankfort, KY 40601 Phone: 502-695-0468 Fax: 502-695-1024

Endangered, Threatened, & Candidate Species in KENTON County, KY Known** Legal* Special Group **Species** Common name **Status Potential** Comments Ρ Myotis sodalis Indiana bat Ε **Mammals** purple catspaw Mussels Epioblasma o. obliquata Ε Κ pearlymussel Pleurobema clava clubshell Ε Κ Cyprogenia stegaria Ε Κ fanshell Epioblasma torulosa rangiana Northern riffleshell Ε Κ orangefoot Plethobasus cooperianus pimpleback Κ Ε Ε Κ Lampsilis abrupta pink mucket Obovaria retusa ring pink Ε Κ Pleurobema plenum Ε Κ rough pigtoe С Ρ Plethobasus cyphyus sheepnose

NOTES:

Plants

* Key to notations: E	Endangered, T	= Threatened,	C = Candidate,	CH = Critical Habitat

Trifolium stoloniferum

running buffalo clover

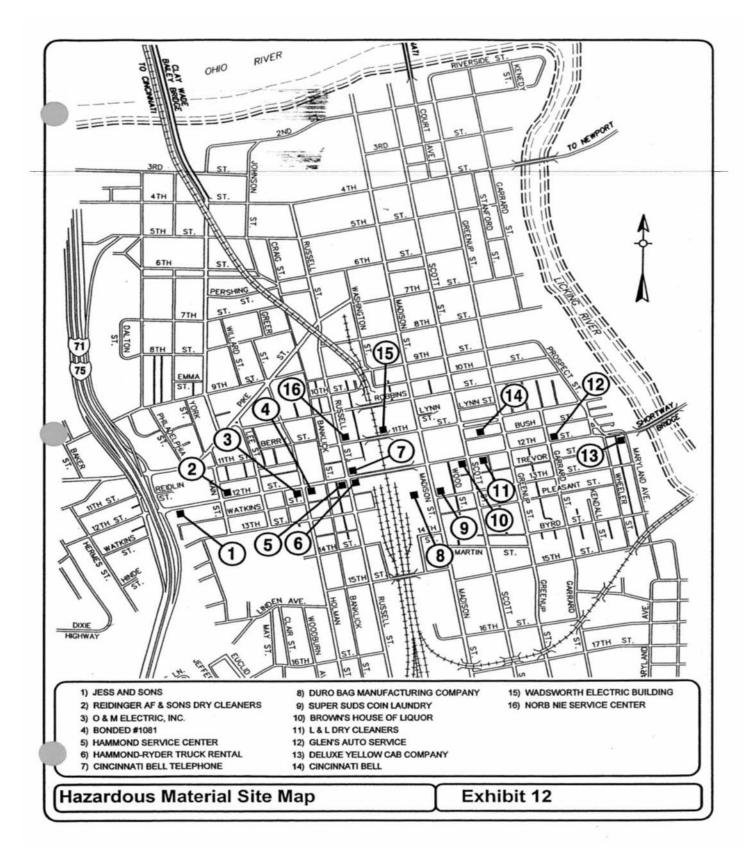
Ε

Κ

^{**}Key to notations: K = Known occurrence record within the county, P = Potential for the species to occur within the county based upon historic range, proximity to known occurrence records, biological, and physiographic characteristics.

APPENDIX 5

HAZARDOUS MATERIAL SITE MAP FROM THE 12th STREET WIDENING PROJECT

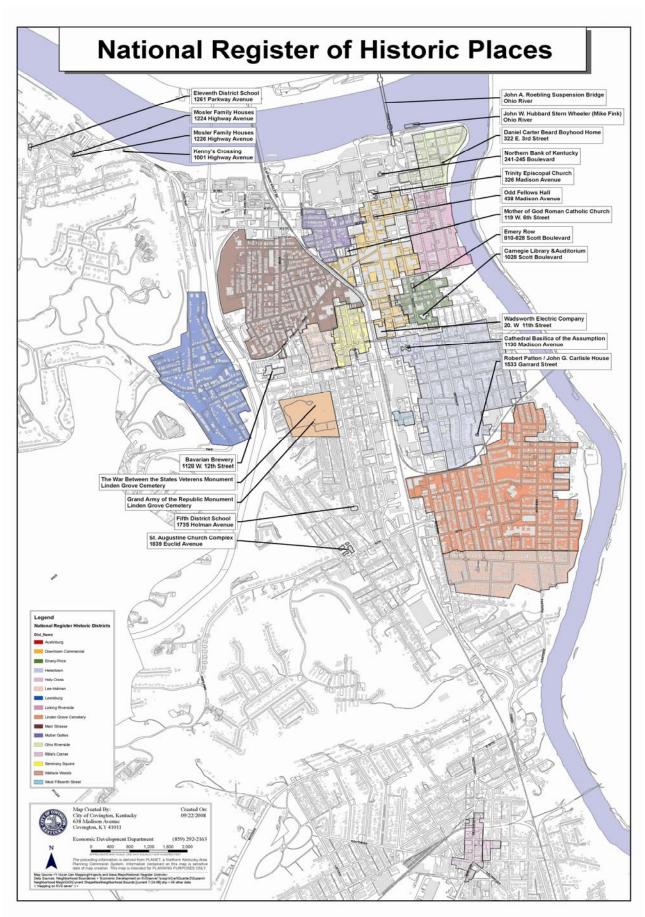


Note: The Hazardous Material Site Map is taken from the August 2004, "Finding of No Significant Impact" for the 12th

Street widening project (Item Number 06-0273.00), Exhibit 12

APPENDIX 6A

MAP OF COVINGTON NATIONAL REGISTER OF HISTORIC PLACES



APPENDIX 6B

COVINGTON MAP OF COVINTON HISTORIC PRESERVATION OVERLAY ZONES

